# Ratings Performance Insights

**S&P Global** Ratings

July 15, 2024

This report does not constitute a rating action. Data includes financial and nonfinancial corporates and sovereigns.

## Q2 2024: An Uneasy Optimism

The positive rating momentum from the first quarter of 2024 carried forward into the second quarter, with upgrades outnumbering downgrades year to date by 16% among corporates, financial institutions, and sovereigns. Future rating action trends also appear more positive as negative bias percentages dropped across all regions. But we expect continued ratings performance divergences at a sector level, and we believe the diverging pace of rate cuts across regions and political uncertainty have already contributed to an unsettling start to the third quarter (see "Global Credit Conditions Q3 2024: Soft Landing, Fragmenting Trajectories," published July 1, 2024).

#### Explore the data in our interactive dashboard >

## **Key Takeaways**

#### **Rating actions**

- The positive trend in rating actions from the first quarter continued in the second quarter as upgrades outpaced downgrades in all major regions.
- The banking, media and entertainment, and consumer products sectors led upgrades in most regions. Over half of the bank upgrades in the second quarter came from Australia, where a strengthening of regulatory and governance standards, simplified business models, and advances in risk management have reduced industrywide risks.

#### Rating bias

- All four major regions saw their negative bias (the percentage of issuers with negative outlooks or ratings on CreditWatch negative) drop from the first quarter, a positive indicator for future rating trends.
- The aerospace and defense sector saw the largest quarter-over-quarter increase in negative bias--it rose over five percentage points, to 17.5%. Four issuers in the sector had negative outlook changes during the quarter due to delayed recovery of expected cash flow and slowdowns in new contract awards.
- The chemicals, packaging, and environmental services sector continues to struggle, with prolonged customer destocking and lower consumer spending. It now leads all sectors in negative bias, at 24.4%.
- Sovereigns saw the greatest drop in negative bias in the second quarter (down 4.3 percentage points, to 7.7%). This was mostly due to several positive outlook revisions.

#### Corporate defaults

- Defaults were up 11% in the second quarter compared with the first quarter.
- While the U.S. continues to lead defaults (47), Europe is at its highest year-to-date
  default level since 2008 (22). About 60% of the defaults in Europe this year have come
  from four sectors: media and entertainment (four defaults), homebuilders/real estate
  (three), consumer products (three), and forest products and building materials (three).
- We expect the U.S. and European trailing-12-month speculative-grade corporate default rates to reach 4.50% and 3.75%, respectively, by March 2025.

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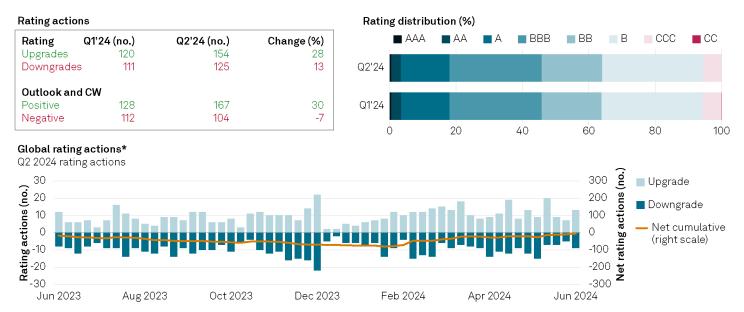
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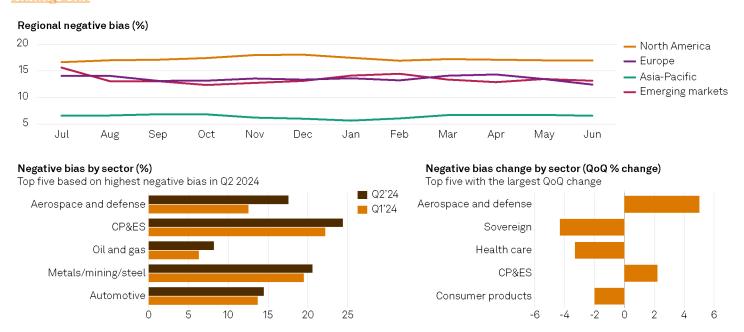
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## **Rating Actions And Distribution**



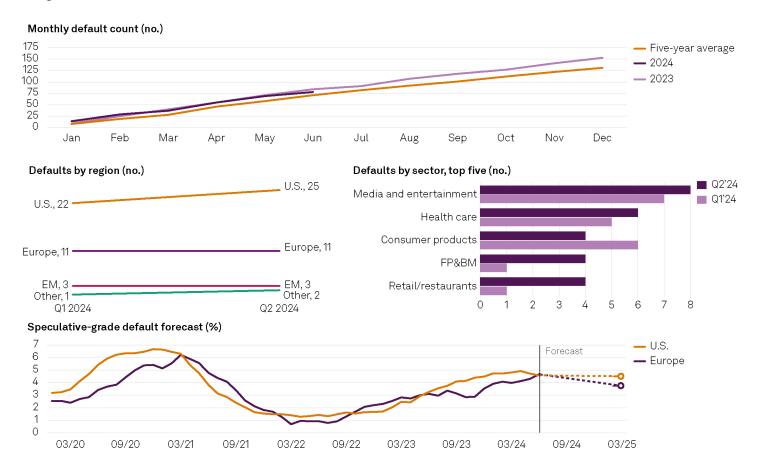
Data as of June 30, 2024. \*Downgrades are shown as negative numbers. Rating distribution only includes issuers with a negative, positive, or stable outlook and CreditWatch. Includes nonfinancial and financial corporates and sovereigns, excludes defaults. CW--CreditWatch. Net cumulative--Total net negative rating actions. Source: S&P Global Ratings Credit Research & Insights.

## Rating Bias



Data as of June 30, 2024. Includes nonfinancial and financial corporates and sovereigns. Note: To ensure better regional alignment, we have incorporated minor adjustments to the country composition of certain regions. Negative bias change by sector includes quarter-over-quarter percentage point change. Negative bias--Percentage of issuers with negative outlooks or ratings on CreditWatch negative. Source: S&P Global Ratings Credit Research & Insights.

## **Corporate Defaults**



Data as of June 30, 2024. Includes nonfinancial and financial corporates as well as confidential issuers. EM--Emerging markets. Other--Developed regions include Canada, Japan, New Zealand, and Australia. U.S. and Europe default rates are as of June 30, 2024, while forecast default rates are for March 31, 2025. Source: S&P Global Ratings Credit Research & Insights.



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